



Portsmouth
High School

GDST
GIRLS' DAY SCHOOL TRUST

Anti-Bullying Policy

Pre-School, Prep, Senior and Sixth Form

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Part of the Girls' Day School Trust family of schools

Anti-Bullying Policy

Statement of Philosophy

- Our school community is based on an ethos of mutual respect and consideration. The school and the GDST are committed to providing a safe and happy learning environment for all
- We do not tolerate bullying, harassment, victimisation or discrimination of any kind and work hard to prevent these or to tackle them if they occur
- Bullying is a whole school issue and we take a whole school approach in response. Any member of the community may bully or be a victim of bullying: we regard all incidences of bullying equally seriously and in turn expect all staff, pupils and parents to play their part in preventing and tackling bullying.

Aims of policy

This policy aims to:

- Try and prevent bullying, as far as possible, and
- Help staff, pupils and parents deal with bullying when it occurs both at the time and afterwards

What Do We Mean by Bullying?

The Department for Education defines bullying as **'behaviour by an individual or group, repeated over time, that intentionally hurts another individual or group either physically or emotionally'**.

This can include:

- Physically hurting or attempting to hurt, harm or humiliate another person or damaging their property
- Verbal abuse such as name-calling, taunting, mocking or writing unkind notes
- Emotional manipulation such as excluding someone or spreading malicious rumours about them, building negative alliances based on gossip, or deliberately betraying former confidences to humiliate or isolate another pupil
- Cyberbullying, i.e. via social networking websites, phone calls, text messages, photographs or emails
- Unpleasant remarks or actions related to any of the following:
 - Race, religion or culture
 - Sex (i.e. talking to or touching someone in a sexually inappropriate way)
 - Gender, gender identity or perceived gender identity
 - Sexual orientation (e.g. homophobic bullying)
 - Disability or Special Educational Needs
 - Intellectual or other abilities
 - Appearance or health conditions
 - Being adopted or a carer

Any behaviour that a reasonable bystander would say was intended to hurt or upset the victim is wrong and could constitute bullying, including complicity that may fall short of participating directly in the bullying. It is no justification that the perpetrator says or believes that the victim is not upset or hurt by his or her actions or words.

Much bullying is performed in subtle ways, which are not easy to detect; a bully can use a simple look, word or gesture to a victim to signal an intended threat or insult. Some pupils are adept at changing a bullying situation into an apparently harmless one when an adult approaches. This makes it all the more important for the victim or another pupil to be able to come forward to report bullying, and for staff and parents to be alert to symptoms of bullying.

Bullying is always hurtful to the victim and damaging to the whole school community. Anyone and everyone who is involved in or witnesses bullying is affected by it. It can cause great distress, unhappiness and psychological damage and at its worst lead to suicide. It can also be a criminal offence, for example if the behaviour amounts to harassment or threatening behaviour.

How does bullying differ from teasing or friendship difficulties?

Sometimes pupils can feel hurt or upset because they have been teased or have fallen out with a friend. This is not the same as bullying. Bullying:

- Is deliberately intended to hurt or humiliate
- Involves a power imbalance that makes it hard for the victim to defend themselves
- Is usually persistent
- Often involves no remorse or acknowledgement of the victim's feelings

School staff are ready to help and support pupils who have fallen out with friends, but such situations will not be treated in the same way as a case of bullying. However, the strategies we use may be similar because we acknowledge that over a period of time the impact on the pupil may be the same, and the situation could become bullying if it escalates.

Preventing Bullying

We aim to prevent bullying by:

- Fostering a whole school ethos of good behaviour, mutual respect, and consideration. We aim to create a safe, happy, and inclusive environment for learning
- Developing a culture in which diversity is championed and celebrated and in which the school takes a proactive role in educating pupils and other members of the school community in issues around equality

- Developing a culture in which the vulnerable are protected and incidents which might demonstrate prejudice or intolerance are tackled and addressed, for example by challenging inappropriate or prejudicial language and encouraging mutual respect.
- Encouraging all members of the school community to have high expectations and model how to behave towards each other
- Raising awareness about bullying through opportunities in the curriculum, the PSHE programme, assemblies, and national events such as Anti Bullying Week, amongst others
- Developing pupils' social skills, confidence, resilience and self esteem; and defining the value of assertiveness in relationships as opposed to aggression, whether direct or indirect
- Educating pupils and other members of the school community about how to keep themselves safe when online or using social media or other electronic means of communication, so they take maximum precautions to help prevent themselves being victims of cyberbullying
- Ensuring that all pupils sign up to the school's Acceptable Use Agreements, which make it clear that cyberbullying is unacceptable. This message is regularly reinforced in lessons and pastoral sessions. The school also makes more detailed information on online safety available to pupils and parents.
- Making it clear to all that there are effective procedures for reporting, investigating and tackling bullying, and encouraging pupils to report instances of anything they perceive to be bullying
- Making it clear to all that incidents of cyberbullying or bullying of any kind that occur off the school premises but have an impact on the classroom environment or relationships between pupils will be pursued with the same seriousness as bullying occurring within school
- Making it as easy as possible for pupils who are being bullied to talk to someone they trust and get help confidentially
- Having a strong pastoral team dedicated to pupil welfare and experienced in dealing with bullying issues. All our staff are trained in recognising and responding to bullying and staff awareness is raised through regular discussion of pupil issues in pastoral meetings. Action is taken to reduce the risk of bullying where and when it is known to be most likely to occur. The member of staff with overall responsibility for anti-bullying work is Heather Trim (Deputy Head) in the senior school and Paul Marshallsay (Prep Head) in the Prep school.
- Taking pupils' views into account through the school council, and developing the roles that pupils can play in anti bullying work, for example, peer support, mentors and cyber ambassadors.
- Ensuring that the IT filtering and monitoring systems are effective in protecting members of the school community
- Working in line with national guidance, and the requirements of our regulatory bodies.

Being aware – possible signs of bullying

Changes in behaviour that may indicate a pupil is being bullied include:

- Unwillingness to go to school or return after a break

- Failure to produce work, or producing unusually bad work, work that appears to have been copied, or interfered with or spoilt by others
- Belongings suddenly going missing or being damaged
- Change to established habits (e.g. giving up music lessons, sitting in the library instead of going out at playtime)
- Diminished levels of self confidence
- Inability to concentrate
- Anxiety, depression, becoming withdrawn or unusually quiet
- Repressed body language and poor eye contact
- Frequent absence, erratic attendance, late arrival to class
- Reluctance to leave the classroom at the end of lessons or school day
- Choosing the company of adults
- Frequent visits to the medical centre with symptoms such as stomach pains or headaches, especially at particular times or during particular lessons
- Unexplained cuts and bruises
- Difficulty in sleeping, nightmares
- Talking of suicide or running away
- Afraid of being alone.

Although there may be other causes for these symptoms, teachers, parents and fellow pupils should be alert for these possible signs of bullying and contact a member of the pastoral team if they are concerned.

Sadly, some individuals are more vulnerable to bullying, and less likely to speak out – including LGBTQ pupils and those with SEND. Again, staff, parents and peers should bear this in mind in cases of possible or suspected bullying. Further guidance for staff on preventing, identifying and dealing with such types of bullying can be found in the Anti-Bullying Guidance on the staff intranet.

Dealing with Bullying

If you are being bullied:

- Stay calm and try to appear confident. Tell the bully to stop and get away from the situation as quickly as you can
- **Do not suffer in silence:** talk to a member of staff. This could be Mrs Trim, your class teacher, tutor or year group head, Mrs Dale or the counsellor, or any other member of staff you trust. If you are unhappy about talking to a member of staff directly, you could talk to someone in your family, a friend, a peer mentor or use the “Talk2Me” link on firefly. Telling does not make you a ‘grass’ or ‘snitch’: not telling means that the bullying is likely to continue. Remember you may not be the only victim.
- Be assured that we take every report of bullying seriously and will act upon it, even if it occurred outside the school. We will keep records of what has happened, and consult you and support you in whatever action we take
- Remember being bullied is not your fault – nobody ever deserves to be bullied
- If you feel you are being bullied by a member of staff you should take the same action as if it were another pupil, that is, report the matter to someone you trust. All forms of bullying are unacceptable and all reports of bullying are

investigated and dealt with irrespective of who the person responsible for the bullying incident might be.

If you know that someone else being bullied:

- Talk to a member of staff, so that the school can take steps to help the victim
- Stand up for them – studies show that one of the most effective ways of stopping bullying is for fellow pupils to show their support for the victim
- Be sceptical about rumours concerning other pupils. Don't add to them. Put yourself in the position of the person targeted
- Don't be drawn into simply standing by. Many perpetrators will not persist in bullying unless they have an audience to play to, and by not taking action it could be argued you are condoning what is happening

What the school will do

The exact course of action will vary with each situation. The immediate objective should be that bullying incidents are brought into the open and strategies agreed to help resolve the problem, encouraging all involved to return to responsible, caring behaviour.

- All reports of bullying will be taken seriously and investigated immediately
- It is not possible for any person who receives a report of a bullying incident to promise that it will be kept confidential. However, the action to be taken will be discussed with the victim at every stage
- Everything that happens will be carefully recorded
- The most important thing is to stop the bullying and ensure the victim is safe
- We aim for a peaceful resolution and reconciliation if possible: revenge is not helpful for the victim or appropriate
- The victim will be supported throughout the process
- Sanctions may be imposed (see below) but guidance and help will be also be available for the perpetrator(s) to help change her/their behaviour
- Staff will monitor the situation to ensure that the bullying does not continue. If bullying recurs, further action will be taken
- The school will keep a log of all bullying incidents which is monitored in order to identify trends and inform preventative work in the school and future development of policies and procedures.

Further guidance for staff on responding to bullying can be found in the Anti-Bullying Guidance in the policies handbook.

Sanctions

It is important that those found responsible for bullying are held to account and accept responsibility for the harm caused. Action taken in response to bullying will be intended to communicate unambiguous disapproval of the bully's activities, and this will usually include sanctions. Sanctions help reassure the victim that the bullying will stop; they help those responsible recognise the harm caused by their behaviour and deter them from repeating it; they demonstrate to the school community that bullying is

unacceptable and that the school has effective ways of dealing with it, so deterring others from behaving in a similar way.

If sanctions are warranted, the person(s) responsible will receive a sanction in accordance with the school's behaviour policy. Any sanctions imposed will be fair, proportionate and reasonable, take account of any special educational needs or disabilities that pupils may have, and consider the needs of vulnerable pupils.

In any serious case of bullying the Head will be informed and the school will work with the parents of both the victim and the perpetrator. The school will remain in regular contact with parents until the situation is resolved.

In the most serious cases, the sanction may be fixed term or permanent exclusion.

A bullying incident will be regarded as a child protection concern when there is 'reasonable cause to suspect that a child is suffering, or is likely to suffer, significant harm' (Children Act 1989). Where this is the case, after the Head has been involved, it may be necessary to make a report to the Social Services and in certain cases the police.

Partnership with parents

We believe that working with parents/guardians is essential to establishing the school's anti-bullying ethos and resolving any issues that arise

- Parents are encouraged to reinforce the principles of the Anti Bullying Policy at home
- Parents are asked to let form tutors or the Prep Head in the Prep school and Heads of Year or Deputy Head in the senior school know directly if they have cause for concern, either on behalf of their own children or because of rumours about others
- In any serious case of bullying parents will be informed by the school and may be invited in to discuss the matter. We will keep in regular contact with parents until the issue is resolved

Links to Other Policies

This policy operates in conjunction with:

- Behaviour for Learning Policy
- Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy
- GDST Acceptable Use Agreements
- GDST Inclusion Policy
- GDST Exclusions Policy
- GDST Equal Opportunities Policy
- PHSEE policy and Schemes of Work
- Cyberbullying Policy
- Online Safety Policy

Monitoring and Evaluation

The effectiveness of this policy and the school's anti bullying strategies will be evaluated annually through a review of the bullying log and consultation with the school council.

This policy will be reviewed by the Director of Innovation and Learning, in consultation with schools, in June 2020.

Further information and guidance

A list of useful websites, contacts and resources can be found in the Anti-Bullying Guidance in the policies handbook.

Key Contacts

- SLT member with lead responsibility for anti-bullying: Heather Trim
- JLT member with lead responsibility for anti-bullying: Paul Marshallsay
- EYFS staff member with responsibility for anti-bullying: EYFS Co-ordinator
- Pastoral team: Sammy Davies (Year 7), Sue Nelson (Year 8 and 9), Elizabeth Wright (Year 10 and 11) and John Paget Tomlinson (Sixth Form)
- Welfare Officer: Lisa Dale
- Counsellor: Kimberley Skinner (k.skinner@por.gdst.net)
- Childline 0800 1111 www.childline.org.uk
- www.bullying.org
- NSPCC www.nspcc.co.uk
- Kidscape www.kidscape.org.uk
- Off The Record 0808 80 10 724 <http://www.off-the-record.org.uk/>

Date: September 2018

Review Date: As advised by GDST but no later than 2020

Deputy Head in conjunction with School Council and Prep Head

Location: Website and ISI Website

Advice Regarding Bullying

Advice to Parents in Parents' handbook.

- Do talk to your daughter about her social life in and out of school as well as her progress in lessons. Disagreements and/or difficulties with relationships are often symptomatic of bullying.
- Note signs of distress or tension, particularly an unwillingness to attend school or uncharacteristic irritability.
- In the event of bullying by text messages or e-mail save and keep a record of the date and time of any offensive message. Encourage your daughter to be careful

about who they give their mobile phone number or e-mail address to and monitor and discuss with them their use of the internet.

If you think your daughter is being bullied either telephone or write to the relevant Form Tutor in the Prep School or Head of Year in the senior school immediately. They will investigate the situation which concerns you and will contact you again within three school days. Please do not hesitate to let the school know of your concerns.

Prep School advice for Pupils

Written by: The Prep school council

Anti-bullying advice

- Help out other people.
- Always tell someone you trust.
- Think before you speak.
- Stand up for yourself and others.
- Look out for all types of bullying.
- Don't be physical with people.
- Don't tell tales over something small.

Senior School advice for Students

Published in:

- Classrooms on laminated posters
- Short version in planners
- Parents' handbook.
- On the back of toilet doors together with sources of help
- Firefly: Our Community: Pastoral

Written by: School Council January 2017

BULLYING: Advice for all students.

Bullying is a totally unacceptable form of behaviour at Portsmouth High School. If you feel that you are the victim of any form of bullying, you must talk to someone, for example an adult or peer supporter about it as soon as possible and you will be given help, advice and support as appropriate. If you think that someone else is being bullied, then you should also tell someone immediately so that action can be taken.

Don't suffer in silence.

Never feel that by talking to a member of staff about bullying you are "telling tales". Your actions may well help other people who might be suffering in the same way.

What is Bullying?

Bullying is behaviour which makes other people feel uncomfortable or threatened. It includes:

- being called names or made to feel small
- having rumours spread about you or information about you misused
- being deliberately ignored or left out
- getting abusive, hurtful or threatening text messages, emails or messages on Facebook or social networking sites
- making jokes about a person's sexuality
- having possessions damaged or hidden
- being punched, pushed or attacked
- being forced to hand over money, mobiles or other possessions
- being forced to do something you didn't want to do.
- being attacked or made to feel uncomfortable because of your sexuality, disability or appearance.
- racial taunts, graffiti, gestures and excluding due to your culture, skin colour, religion, background, accent, clothes etc.

If You Are Being Bullied

'What hurts me so much is that she used to be my friend.' Louise, 15

- Keep a diary of what is happening to you.
- Tell (or write a letter or e-mail or use the "Talk2Me" link on firefly) to one, of the following people in confidence: a peer supporter, your mentor; your Form Tutor; your Head of Year; any other teacher; the Headteacher (Mrs Prescott) or Deputy Head (Mrs Trim); the Welfare Officer (Mrs Dale) or Counsellor (Mrs Skinner). They will be able to help and advise you. If you cannot tell any of these people, tell someone you trust.
- Try not to retaliate but stand up for yourself, tell the bully calmly but firmly that their behaviour is unacceptable.
- Turn and walk confidently away. Walk tall, pretend you are confident even if you aren't. Smile. It is hard to bully someone who won't stand still to listen.
- Try to ignore it. If possible act like it doesn't bother you. Bullies usually get bored if you don't react.
- Try to think up funny or clever replies in advance. Sometimes asking the bully to repeat what they said can put them off.
- It's important to feel safe.
 - Ask someone to stay with you if you feel threatened.
- Be careful who you give your mobile phone number, email address or networking site address to. If you do receive messages think about changing your number or email/ web address. Keep a record of any messages that you receive and tell an adult.
- Once an incident has been reported it will then be dealt with discreetly and the person consulted will aim to approach any incident with understanding and work towards a solution that you are happy with.

Useful Advice

Firefly – Our Community – Pastoral Section

Childline 0800 1111 www.childline.org.uk

www.bullying.org

www.nspcc.co.uk

Kidscape www.kidscape.org.uk

Off The Record 0808 80 10 724 <http://www.off-the-record.org.uk/>

If You Witness Bullying

- Don't ignore what happens.
- Be friendly. Let the person who's being bullied know you've seen what's happened and are concerned.
- Encourage them to tell someone. Maybe offer to go with them.
- Remember that everyone has a right to feel safe and a responsibility to help other people.

If You Are Bullying Someone

'It got to be a habit. The awful thing was that I felt good seeing him cry. The others laughed and that made me feel even better. It was only a bit of fun really – I didn't mean him to take it seriously.' Jay, 15

- Stop! Just because you bullied someone in the past doesn't mean you have to keep doing it.
- A brave act is to admit it and try to stop.
- Sometimes things happen to you that make you more likely to bully and be unkind to other people – being bullied yourself, having problems at home, or finding work at school difficult. It's important to talk to someone and get help for yourself, rather than taking out your frustrations on others. Remember it is the bullying behaviour that isn't liked, not you, so ask for help.
- Try to imagine being in their shoes.
- Try to make amends and be pleasant to the person you bullied. It may take them time to trust you so don't be put off.
- Remember that messages to a mobile phone or emails can be upsetting to the person receiving them. Be warned: A record can be easily kept and advice from the phone companies and Internet Service Providers is to inform the police.

Actions by the School

- Many issues are not clear cut and a wide range of strategies are used which will be discussed on an individual basis.
- In severe cases or multiple cases where a bully does not respond to support and advice the following steps can be taken:
 - official warnings to cease offending
 - detention
 - exclusion from certain areas of school premises

- fixed-term exclusion
- permanent exclusion.

Remember, bullying is wrong and no one deserves to be bullied.
Don't suffer in silence.

Peer support

Many pupils have participated in a supportive friends workshop in Year 8 so can help. All Year 7 pupils have an older mentor to support them. The Head Girl team are also available to provide help and advice.

